REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB NO. 0704-0188

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggesstions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA, 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any oenalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS.

1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)	2. REPORT TYPE		3	3. DATES COVERED (From - To)	
03-02-2016	Final Report			15-Aug-2012 - 14-Feb-2014	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE			5a. CONTRACT NUMBER		
Final Report: Acquisition of He3 Cryostat Insert for Experiments			W911NF-12-1-0359		
on Topological Insulators.		5b. GRANT NUMBER		NUMBER	
				AM ELEMENT NUMBER	
		61110			
6. AUTHORS		5d. PR	OJEC'	ΓNUMBER	
Nai Phuan Ong					
		5e. TA	SK N	UMBER	
		5f W(JDV I	NIT NUMBER	
		31. W	JKK C	NII NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME	ES AND ADDRESSES			ERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT	
Princeton University			NUN	MBER	
PO Box 0036					
87 Prospect Avenue - 2nd floor					
,	4 -2020				
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY (ES)	Y NAME(S) AND ADDRESS		10. S AF	SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) RO	
U.S. Army Research Office P.O. Box 12211				PONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT BER(S)	
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-2211			6145	8-PH-RIP.4	
12. DISTRIBUTION AVAILIBILITY STATE	EMENT		_		
l					

Approved for Public Release; Distribution Unlimited

13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

The views, opinions and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not contrued as an official Department of the Army position, policy or decision, unless so designated by other documentation.

14. ABSTRACT

The award enabled the PI to acquire a complete cryogenic system with a 9-Tesla superconducting magnet. The equipment facilitated transport experiments on topological insulators and Dirac and Weyl semimetals. These experiments resulted in several notable achievements and novel findings during the period 2013-2015. These include successful tuning of the chemical potential by liquid ion gating in Bi2Te2Se to access the n = 1 Landau level, discovery of non-saturating magnetoresistance in WTe2, initial findings on the chiral anomaly in the Dirac commental Na2Di. Becauthy the arrangement has been used for Franchester measurements unforcement

15. SUBJECT TERMS

Cryogenic equipment with 9 Tesla magnet, low temperature experiments

16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:				19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON	
a. REPORT	b. ABSTRACT	c. THIS PAGE	ABSTRACT	OF PAGES	N. Phuan Ong
UU	UU	υυ	UU		19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER 609-258-4347

Report Title

Final Report: Acquisition of He3 Cryostat Insert for Experiments on Topological Insulators.

ABSTRACT

The award enabled the PI to acquire a complete cryogenic system with a 9-Tesla superconducting magnet. The equipment facilitated transport experiments on topological insulators and Dirac and Weyl semimetals. These experiments resulted in several notable achievements and novel findings during the period 2013-2015. These include successful tuning of the chemical potential by liquid ion gating in Bi2Te2Se to access the n = 1 Landau level, discovery of non-saturating magnetoresistance in WTe2, initial findings on the chiral anomaly in the Dirac semimetal Na3Bi. Recently, the cryogenic system has been used for Fraunhofer measurements un ferromagnet-superconducting SQUID junctions.

Enter List of papers submitted or published that acknowledge ARO support from the start of the project to the date of this printing. List the papers, including journal references, in the following categories:

(a) Papers published in peer-reviewed journals (N/A for none)

Received		<u>Paper</u>
02/03/2016	1.00	Jun Xiong, Yuehaw Khoo, Shuang Jia, R. J. Cava, N. P. Ong. Tuning the quantum oscillations of surface Dirac electrons in the topological insulator Bi, Physical Review B, (07 2013): 35128. doi: 10.1103/PhysRevB.88.035128
02/03/2016	2.00	Mazhar N. Ali, Jun Xiong, Steven Flynn, Jing Tao, Quinn D. Gibson, Leslie M. Schoop, Tian Liang, Neel Haldolaarachchige, Max Hirschberger, N. P. Ong, R. J. Cava. Large, non-saturating magnetoresistance in WTe2, Nature, (09 2014): 205. doi:
02/03/2016	3.00	J. Xiong, S. K. Kushwaha, T. Liang, J. W. Krizan, M. Hirschberger, W. Wang, R. J. Cava, N. P. Ong. Evidence for the chiral anomaly in the Dirac semimetal Na3Bi, Science, (09 2015): 0. doi: 10.1126/science.aac6089
TOTAL:		3
Number of P	apers	published in peer-reviewed journals:
		(b) Papers published in non-peer-reviewed journals (N/A for none)
Received		<u>Paper</u>
TOTAL:		

Number of Papers published in non peer-reviewed journals:				
	(c) Presentations			
Number of Pres	sentations: 0.00			
	Non Peer-Reviewed Conference Proceeding publications (other than abstracts):			
Received	<u>Paper</u>			
TOTAL:				
Number of Non	Peer-Reviewed Conference Proceeding publications (other than abstracts):			
	Peer-Reviewed Conference Proceeding publications (other than abstracts):			
Received	<u>Paper</u>			
TOTAL:				
Number of Peer	r-Reviewed Conference Proceeding publications (other than abstracts):			
(d) Manuscripts				
Received	<u>Paper</u>			
TOTAL:				

Number of Ma	nnuscripts:		
		Books	
Received	<u>Book</u>		
TOTAL:			
Received	Book Chapter		
TOTAL:			
		Patents Submitted	
		Patents Awarded	
		Awards	
		Graduate Students	
NAME		PERCENT_SUPPORTED	
FTE Ed	quivalent: lumber:		
		Names of Post Doctorates	
NAME		PERCENT_SUPPORTED	
	quivalent: lumber:		

Names of Faculty Supported NAME PERCENT SUPPORTED **FTE Equivalent: Total Number:** Names of Under Graduate students supported NAME PERCENT SUPPORTED **FTE Equivalent: Total Number: Student Metrics** This section only applies to graduating undergraduates supported by this agreement in this reporting period The number of undergraduates funded by this agreement who graduated during this period: 0.00 The number of undergraduates funded by this agreement who graduated during this period with a degree in science, mathematics, engineering, or technology fields:..... 0.00 The number of undergraduates funded by your agreement who graduated during this period and will continue to pursue a graduate or Ph.D. degree in science, mathematics, engineering, or technology fields:..... 0.00 Number of graduating undergraduates who achieved a 3.5 GPA to 4.0 (4.0 max scale):..... 0.00 Number of graduating undergraduates funded by a DoD funded Center of Excellence grant for Education, Research and Engineering:..... 0.00 The number of undergraduates funded by your agreement who graduated during this period and intend to work for the Department of Defense 0.00 The number of undergraduates funded by your agreement who graduated during this period and will receive scholarships or fellowships for further studies in science, mathematics, engineering or technology fields: 0.00 Names of Personnel receiving masters degrees NAME **Total Number:** Names of personnel receiving PHDs **NAME Total Number:** Names of other research staff PERCENT SUPPORTED NAME **FTE Equivalent:**

Total Number:

Inventions (DD882)

Scientific Progress

Acquisition of the cryogenic system with a 9-Tesla superconducting has provided a strong boost to the productivity of Ong's group at Princeton in their research on the transport properties of topological insulators and Dirac and Weyl semimetals (supported by Army Research Office Grants W911NF-12-1-0461 and

W911NF-11-1-0379). The three main findings facilitated by the cryogenic system are

i) In-situ low-temperature tuning of the chemical potential in the topological insulator using ionic liquid gating. The intense electric field applied results in band bending that moves the Fermi energy of the surface states. In a 14-Tesla magnetic field, the n = 1 Landau level was accessed. The index plot determined the pi-phase shift of the quantum oscillations expected from Dirac states.

ii)A very large magnetoresistance (MR) was discovered in the candidate topological material WTe2. At 4 Kelvin, the MR increased as B² to over a million percent showing no sign of saturation up to fields of 65 Tesla. This is possibly the first non-saturating MR observed to such high fields. It possibly arises because of the perfect compensation (electron and hole populations) protected by topological properties of the electronic bands.

iii) In the Dirac semimetal Na3Bi, a very unusual negative, longitudinal magnetoresistance was observed at 4 K. By varying the field direction relative to the applied current it was confirmed that the LMR is the long-sought chiral anomaly (predicted in 1983). The anomaly arises from the mixing between Weyl states of opposite chiralities induced by applying parallel magnetic and electric fields. It was first discovered theoretically in the study of the rapid decay of neutral pion particles.

Technology Transfer

Acquisition of the cryogenic system with a 9-Tesla superconducting has provided a strong boost to the productivity of Ong's group at Princeton in their research on the transport properties of topological insulators and Dirac and Weyl semimetals (supported by Army Research Office Grants W911NF-12-1-0461 and W911NF-11-1-0379). The three main findings facilitated by the cryogenic system are

- i) In-situ low-temperature tuning of the chemical potential in the topological insulator using ionic liquid gating. The intense electric field applied results in band bending that moves the Fermi energy of the surface states. In a 14-Tesla magnetic field, the n=1 Landau level was accessed. The index plot determined the pi-phase shift of the quantum oscillations expected from Dirac states.
- ii)A very large magnetoresistance (MR) was discovered in the candidate topological material WTe2. At 4 Kelvin, the MR increased as B^2 to over a million percent showing no sign of saturation up to fields of 65 Tesla. This is possibly the first non-saturating MR observed to such high fields. It possibly arises because of the perfect compensation (electron and hole populations) protected by topological properties of the electronic bands.
- iii) In the Dirac semimetal Na3Bi, a very unusual negative, longitudinal magnetoresistance was observed at 4 K. By varying the field direction relative to the applied current it was confirmed that the LMR is the long-sought chiral anomaly (predicted in 1983). The anomaly arises from the mixing between Weyl states of opposite chiralities induced by applying parallel magnetic and electric fields. It was first discovered theoretically in the study of the rapid decay of neutral pion particles.
- iv) Recently, the cryogenic station has enabled a new series of experiments which explores SQUID junctions in which a supercurrent is injected from a superconductor Al into a ferromagnetic film Ni. Previous attempts observed that the supercurrent decays after a few 0.1 nm. By inserting a thin intervening layer of a spiral magnet (Ho), we have confirmed that the singlet supercurrent can be converted to a triplet supercurrent that exists for several 100 nm in Ni (this confirms a previous report by Robinson et al., Science 2010). Extending their results, Ong's group has shown that it is possible to rotate the plane of the spins of the triplet pair. These ongoing experiments seem very promising for investigating triplet supercurrents in both ferromagnets and Weyl metals.

Publications facilitated by Award

Jun Xiong, Yuehaw Khoo, Shuang Jia, R. J. Cava and N. P. Ong, "Tuning the quantum oscillations of surface Dirac electrons in the topological insulator Bi2Te2Se by liquid gating," Phys. Rev. B 88, 035128 (2013) (Editor's suggestion). doi: 10.1103/PhysRevB.88.035128.

Mazhar N. Ali, Jun Xiong, Tian Liang, Steven Flynn, Quinn Gibson, Leslie Schoop, Neel Haldolaarachchige, Max Hirschberger, Jing Tao, N. P. Ong, & R. J. Cava, "Large Magnetoresistance in WTe2," Nature 514, 205 (2014). doi:10.1038/nature13763

Jun Xiong, Satya K. Kushwaha, Tian Liang, Jason W. Krizan, Max Hirschberger, Wudi Wang, R. J. Cava, and N. P. Ong, "Evidence for the chiral anomaly in the Dirac semimetal Na3Bi," Science 350, 413 (2015). DOI: 10.1126/science.aac6089